## CEO & STAFF LEADERSHIP



### BOARD MFMBFRS



# POTENTIAL FOR EXCEPTIONAL PROGRAMMATIC OVERSIGHT

One area where board members can have a tremendous impact on the nonprofit organization they govern is through their role of programmatic oversight. Done in tandem with the CEO and staff leadership, monitoring and strengthening an organization begins with ensuring that current and proposed programs and services align with the organization's stated mission and purposes. What an organization actually does, and how well it does it, should be at the heart of board interest.

## WHAT DOES A BOARD LOOK LIKE THAT IS PRACTICING EXCEPTIONAL PROGRAMMATIC OVERSIGHT?

Good governance requires the board to balance its role as an oversight body with its role as a force supporting the organization. Becoming an exceptional board takes hard work. Exceptional boards add active engagement and independent decision making to their basic and legal oversight function. They are boards that are results-oriented. They measure the organization's advancement toward mission and evaluate the performance of major programs and services.

Management is closer to the programs, operations, and the field than the board, which makes it challenging for boards to provide strategic guidance and oversight. In practice, the CEO is often the lead partner in these areas, and it is incumbent upon management to provide the board with regular, appropriate information and to engage the board in high-level strategic issues and decisions.

Board members: Be curious. Chief Executives: Inform and engage.

In short, it's the strong partnership between the CEO and the board that is critical to providing exceptional program oversight.

Use the tool on the following page as a resource to help start and guide a strategic conversation about the important roles both board and staff play in programmatic oversight.

## HOW WELL IS YOUR BOARD PROVIDING PROGRAMMATIC OVERSIGHT?



### DEVELOPING - LIMITED

- ☐ Board members display limited knowledge or varied understanding of the organization's programs and services.
- ☐ The board receives insufficient information related to the organization's programs and services, including changes in programs and services.
- ☐ The board is not proactive in ensuring the organization has adequate infrastructure (staff and volunteers, facilities, technology, etc.) to operate the programs and deliver the services.



### ADEQUATE - PROFICIENT

- ☐ Board members display knowledge of the organization's programs and services.
- ☐ The board receives sufficient information related to the organization's programs and services, including changes in programs and services.
- ☐ The board ensures the organization has adequate infrastructure (staff and volunteers, facilities, technology, etc.) to operate the programs and deliver the services.



### EXCELLING - EXCEPTIONAL

- ☐ The board has mechanisms in place to monitor the quality of the organization's programs and services.
- ☐ The board has standards against which organizational performance is measured.
- ☐ The board has the ability to measure the impact of critical programs and initiatives.

#### Resources:

The Source: 12 Principles of Governance That Power Exceptional Boards
The Handbook of Nonprofit Governance
Leading with Intent: A National Index of Nonprofit Board Practices